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CHATER ROAD.

Hongkong, 1st October, 1908. [a40]

## KOWLOON HOTEL

THE ONLY FIRST CLASS  
ESTABLISHMENT ACROSS  
THE WATER.

Cooking by  
AH CHONG.  
(Late Chief Cook for many years to late  
Mr. J. W. OSBORNE).  
O. E. OWEN,  
Proprietor.

Hongkong, 4th May, 1909. [a42]

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY  
PORTLAND CEMENT.  
In Casks 375 lbs. net \$5.50 per cask ex Factory  
In Bags 250 lbs. net \$3.45 per bag ex Factory  
SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,  
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Hongkong, 29th April, 1908. [a47]

THE GRAND HOTEL.  
DIVISION STREET, KOBE.

FIRST-CLASS CUISINE.  
COMFORTABLE & AIRY BEDROOMS.  
Situated in close proximity to the Harbour  
and Railway Station.

BEST WINES AND LIQUORS SUPPLIED.  
Special arrangements for a long stay.

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SPECIAL CARS by arrangement at the  
Company's Office, Alexandra Building, Des  
Vaux Road Central.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,  
General Managers.

Hongkong, 1st April, 1909. [a54]

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Hongkong, 9th April, 1909.

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High Life in the Far East, by James Dalziel.

Author of "In the First Watch."

Septimus, by William J. Locke.

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Adventures of Louis Blaize, by Louis Becke.

The Tempting of Paul Chester, by Alice and Claude Askew.

The Crime on Canova, by P. M. White.

Sir Worcorbe's Marriage, by Florence Warden.

The Capture of Paul Beck, by M. McDonnell Bodkin.

The House Called Herrish, by Rita.

The Iron Heel, by Jack London.

The Sin o' Alison Dairing, by L. G. Moberly.

"This My Son" René Bazin.

We of the Never Never, by Mrs. Arneas Gum.

The Conventionalists, by H. H. Benson.

[a32]

HOTELS

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A. F. DAVIES, Manager.

[a32]

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Hongkong, 24th July, 1905. [a65]

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A. B. C. Code, 5th Ed.

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throughout. Billiards, Tennis, Croquet,

putting green and fine stabling for horses.

Proprietress, Mrs. G. SACHELIA.

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STANDING in its own grounds with Tennis

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Well Furnished Rooms, every home comfort.

Fine View of the Harbour.

Telephone, No. 690.

Apply to MRS. F. W. WATTS.

"Braeside," 20, Macdonell Road.

Hongkong, 4th December, 1907. [a44]

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Telegraphic address: "Comfort," Hongkong.

For Particulars, apply to M. MATTHAEY.

Proprietress.

Hongkong, 5th October, 1908. [a43]

## VICTORIA HOTEL

SHAMEEN—CANTON.

MANAGER—MR. H. HAYNES.

Telegraphic address: "VICTORIA, SHAMEEN."

SITUATED ON THE BRITISH CONCESSION.

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MACAO.

MANAGER—MR. H. N. BEAUREPAIRE.

Telegraphic address: "FARME, MACAO."

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Every information and special attention given

to Tourists.

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WM. FARMER,

Proprietor.

[a623]

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MACAO.

THE Hotel is under European manage-

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LIMITED,

ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS.

Hongkong, 26th April, 1909. [29]

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.  
ONLY communications relating to the news column should be addressed to THE EDITOR.

Correspondents must forward their names and addresses with communications addressed to the Editor, not for publication but as evidence of good faith.

All letters for publication should be written on one side of paper only.

No anonymously signed communications that have already appeared in other papers will be inserted.

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The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, MAY 6TH, 1909.

The opening years of the Nineteenth Century found Europe presided over by a batch of sovereigns the most intellectual of whom hardly reached the standard of bare mediocrity, and it was on account mainly of this low intellectual capacity of those who were intrusted with the interests of the Continent that a young French Lieutenant of Artillery succeeded in not only entering every capital; but in submitting the whole to his own private rule, and in establishing a Napoleonic family régime from the Atlantic to the Vistula. In curious contrast with this unpropitious beginning the close of the century found the interests of Europe in the hands of a number of monarchs, many of whom were distinguished by personal characteristics as individuals, and the whole of whom, almost without exception, were possessed of abilities far above those usually appertaining to the wearers of crowns. Perhaps it was only a case of natural action and reaction, and the simple effect of that ruling yet mysterious law of Nature that every seeks to reduce things mundane to an average; yet whatever the cause the effect is outside the reach of controversy. Strangely, too, the phenomenon has not been confined to Europe, but has shown a distinct tendency to become world-wide.

If our own British King George III. for whom the nation could find no fitter appellation than "Farmer George" had at the close of the eighteenth century succeeded in almost bringing about the break-up of the British Empire; it curiously remained

for his Grand-daughter, Queen Victoria, to be the first to restore the lost prestige of the ruling houses. Gifted with a mental capacity rather above the average, the main feature in her character was that, rarest amongst the rulers of the day, of an intense devotion to duty. The example set by her fortunately commend itself to her fellow monarchs, so that the latter half of the century was marked by an almost entirely new class of sovereigns, of whom more especially may be mentioned, the Emperor FRANCIS JOSEPH, King Victor Emanuel (Re. Galanuomo) and King Oscar. The destructive wars of the beginning of the century had had a sedative effect, and the nations were bent rather on recuperation than on expansion; almost the only exception having been the Tsar NICOLAIS I. of Russia. Not only the moral qualities were advanced, but towards the end of the century, and more so in the opening years of the twentieth, the intellectual grasp of the Rulers, be they in this respect crowned heads or presidents of Republics.

The improved intellectual grasp in Europe was apparently accompanied by a tendency to patronise the less advanced sovereigns and people of the East. Egypt fell under the protection of Great Britain; while Turkey, it was taken for granted, would under the benevolent aegis of a united Europe of her own account take the road towards more civilised administration. But the weak and incapable Abdul Aziz allowed himself to become the minion of a Russian representative, who stood by with complacency while he saw that Sultan Hamid was placed on the throne. As an intellectual ruler, Hamid was no advance on his predecessor; as an administrator he proved little better, and Russia taking the opportunity to declare war, Turkey was reduced by the treaty of San Stefano, to the brink of extinction. Taking up the standpoint that the substitution of Russian rule for Turkish would be merely an exchange of King Loo for King Stork, of Russian for Turkish barbarism, the public opinion of Europe intervened, and Sultan Abdul Hamid under the ordinance of the Congress of Berlin got a brand new tenure of the Sultanate; this time, it was understood, to be administered during good behaviour.

But Hamid, although of as low mental culture as his predecessor, and as little tormented with any conscientious scruples, possessed what often accompanies a low grade of intellect, a highly developed animal cunning. He soon saw that the mutual jealousies of the Powers would prevent them uniting for any effective measures of control; so, adroitly taking advantage of this weakness, and playing one against the other, he determined to rule as his momentary whim dictated, regardless of any expression of public opinion to the contrary. Germany, who had extensive schemes of her own regarding railways in Anatolia, now played the part formerly acted by Russia, and championed the Sultan in his reactionary policy; so that affairs, so far from improving went steadily from bad to worse, until last year disorder became so rampant in Bulgaria that the Powers found it actually necessary to establish an international constabulary. Abdul Hamid though nominally coinciding in the arrangement made use of all his powers of intrigue to render the new force futile, so that the disorders instead of abating actually grew worse. The disorders were not confined by any means to Bulgaria, but were spreading through the empire, in all parts of which disaffection was becoming rampant. It was under these circumstances that the more advanced party, finding remonstrance utterly useless, and the old reactionary party growing, becoming every day more influential with the Sultan, determined to make a bold stroke, and finding that the army at large was in favour of reform of the administration, rose in mass and demanded parliamentary government. Sultan Hamid, at once saw that he had no power of resistance, so seemingly accepting with a good grace the inevitable he for a few days posed as a full-fledged constitutional monarch, and swore to accept the new Constitution. The foreign Powers, though they well knew the character of the sovereign with whom they were dealing, affected to believe the professions of the Sultan, and acknowledged with congratulations the new parliamentary régime.

But the leopard does not naturally change his skin, nor will any amount of washing turn the Negro white; so Sultan Hamid, while openly acknowledging the Parliament, was all the while in secret plotting with the reactionaries its destruction, and doing his best to bring to Constantinople a sufficient number of troops devoted to the old régime.

It was this that brought down on him the chiefs of the new army, who at once determined to march on Constantinople, and seize the Sultan before he had succeeded in re-establishing the old order. It is characteristic of the new state of affairs that the march on Constantinople was accomplished without any disorder; perfect discipline was maintained, and though a good deal of blood has been spilled, and an actual state of war existed for some days, fighting has all been above board and no private plunder has to be deplored. It had become patent to all that the Sultan's words could not be trusted, and that it would only lead to a renewal of disorder were he again to be restored to power; so it was arranged to quietly depose him, taking care to respect his person while depriving him of the means of renewing his intrigues. In all former cases of deposition in Turkey the deposed sovereign has had to pay the penalty of his misdeeds with his life. It was evident, however, that in the case of Sultan Hamid, the man himself was a most insignificant to be made the object of mere revenge. Still it was clear that the new government could not afford to permit him to carry on with impunity his old intrigues; so it was decided to send him under strong guard to Salonika, a district known to be strongly constitutional, and keep him there in honourable captivity. Another man than the sometime Sultan Hamid would probably resent such treatment, but there no reason to suppose that Hamid will, beyond the momentary annoyance of finding himself debarred from his old game, feel any indignity at his new position. For some thirty years it was only what he had inflicted on his own brother and his presumptive, Reshid Efendi, and it has been the traditional fate of every near relative of the Turkish reigning house to be either put to death, or, if the reigning monarch were of milder disposition, to be blinded, or at the least imprisoned for life.

To be shut up with the favourites of his brother in a palace at Salonika, will probably strike this last degenerate section of the house of Osman as not far removed from the height of human felicity. Sultan Hamid is now in his sixty-seventh year, so that his happy fate is little likely to meet with much sympathy at home or abroad. It is to be hoped that with his inadmissible pretext for Continental intrigue will be removed off the board. His successor who has seemingly learnt wisdom in the hard school of experience, is hardly likely to venture on the same dangerous sea that has brought him to an ignominious if personally pleasant enough end. Sultan Mahomet V. has never displayed an unusual versatility of intellect, but on the other hand has been careful, with every temptation, to avoid being mixed up in dangerous political schemes; and this in Turkey a exhausted condition is a good omen for the future.

When the steamer "Djambi" which was sunk some few months ago by a French Mail steamer was put up to auction at Singapore last week the highest bid offered was \$300. The steamer was bought in and will again be put up for auction.

Four messroom boys from H.M.S. "Moors" were brought before Mr Hazeland at the Magistracy yesterday charged with having stolen quantities of jam and tea. One was discharged but the others were sentenced to six weeks' imprisonment each.

Before Commander Basil R. H. Taylor R.N. at the Marine Magistrate's Court yesterday, the coxswain of a launch had his certificate suspended for two months for failing to observe the rule of the road, and thereby running down a small boat belonging to a trading junk.

The Chinese Imperial High Commissioner, Tang Shao-yi, and other members of the special mission were received in audience by the German Emperor at Potsdam last month. The First Class of the Prussian Order of the Crown has been conferred upon Tang Shao-yi and upon the Duke Tsai-fu, and minor decorations have been conferred upon other members of the mission.

We have been favoured by the publishers with a copy of the "War Cry," the Salvation Army journal, in which we notice several references to the work of the Army in Japan and Korea. There is a picture of a property acquired at Daimy by the Army. A substantial hall put up by the Russians as a general post office has been purchased there for 3,600 yen and the proposed alterations and the building of a wall round the property will cost another thousand yen.

The first of the China Consular Reports for the year 1908 is to hand. It is the report on the Trade of Antung by Mr. W. P. M. Russell, the acting Consul, who says that having regard to the general trade depression throughout the north of China, Antung trade may be said on the whole to have been satisfactory through the year, and that merchants, both Chinese and Japanese, seem to look forward with confidence to a promising season in view of the decision to reconstruct the railway to Mukden, which will conduce to commercial activity in many directions.

Mr. J. S. Dobie, the Hongkong Agent of the Chinese Engineering and Mining Co., Ltd., informs us that he is in receipt of advice that the total output of the Company's three mines for the week ending 17th April amounted to 23,977.80 tons, and the sales during the period 26,977.75.

An interesting opium case was mentioned at the Magistracy yesterday. A Chinese residing at 3 Jubilee Street had been found with a quantity of opium in his possession, and he had been liberated on a bail of 800, which was about the value of the opium. Since then the excise officers discovered, concealed in the ceiling of the house, a long tube which had apparently held about 40 ounce. When defendant did not appear at the Magistracy yesterday Mr. Hoggart, excise officer, informed his Worship that the bail was inadequate but Mr. Hazeland replied that he was sorry he could not assist as it was a matter to be arranged with the police. The bail was accordingly estranged.

There is a movement in France to extend the cultivation of rice in Indo-China by investing capital and improving the native methods of cultivation. The export rice trade centres in the port of Saigon—the quantity going to Europe being about one-fourth of the total. But Saigon rice, owing to the coarse appearance of the grain, does not find favour in Europe as a food-stuff, and is used preferably for industrial purposes such as the manufacture of starch and in distilleries. On the other hand, Saigon rice finds ready buyers in Japan and in Netherlands India. The Philippines, too, draw upon Saigon. But China is the leading customer of Indo-China, and it takes on the average about one-half of the rice exported from the Colony. China cannot grow grain enough to feed its 400 millions of inhabitants, and Indo-China comes in handy to make up the difference.

## MACAO.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT]

May, 4th.

EXAGGERATED REPORTS OF PLAGUE.  
A circular printed in Chinese has been issued, inviting the public to attend a meeting at the Chinese Hospital to consider the desirability of erecting a match on the Chinese side of the boundary for the reception of patients suffering from plague. This alarm is quite unjustified. Plague is not epidemic in the city, and the calling of a meeting to provide special accommodation for plague patients seems to be the work of some irresponsible busy bodies.

GOVERNMENT TAKES OVER THE OPium MONOPOLY.

At noon yesterday Senior Joao M. Garcia, the Administrator, took possession of the Opium Farm, and the Government is now conducting the business, with expert Chinese assistance. Mr. Basto, the solicitor representing the Opium Farm, formally protested against the action of the Government.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

As a result of the meeting that took place on Saturday last at the Leal Senado the telegrams of which I furnished a summary have been sent to Lisbon.

When will the postage rate be reduced from here to Hongkong and Canton?

It is rumoured that a young man named Hilario has been mutilated in Chinese territory!

Our river Gunboat (which has been overhauled in the Kowloon Dock) will soon be ready for service in our water.

The Kermess for the benefit of the Italian Convict yielded over one thousand dollars.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY.

A highway robbery in Hongkong was reported to the police yesterday. The particulars supplied are to the effect that a cattle dealer from Kennedy town and his two foals were proceeding onwards at four o'clock yesterday morning, and when near the Kowloon Tang Hotel they were stopped by three men who represented themselves to be excise officers and demanded that the cattle dealer and his foals should allow themselves to be searched for opium. They complied and the cattle dealer and his companions squatted on the ground. The first named opened his bundle whereupon the robbers struck the men over the heads with iron bars, and made off with the \$700 which was in the cattle dealer's bundle.

## THE CIRCUS.

The Hippodrome continues to delight fairly large audiences nightly, the varied programme of clever, witty and sensational events affording amusement to all. The new programme is equally as entertaining as last week's, the equestrian acts being well done, while some of the acrobatic feats are little short of marvellous. One of the best turns in the performance is that, accomplished by two of the Mysore Troop. One of the men balances a bamboo pole, about twenty feet long, perpendicularly on his shoulder, while the second climbs to the top of this and balances there. Mdlle. E. Walbourg and her well-trained and beautiful white steed give an excellent exhibition of scenes on a battlefield, and her appearance at Daimy by the Army. A substantial hall put up by the Russians as a general post office has been purchased there for 3,600 yen and the proposed alterations and the building of a wall round the property will cost another thousand yen.

The first of the China Consular Reports for the year 1908 is to hand. It is the report on the Trade of Antung by Mr. W. P. M. Russell, the acting Consul, who says that having regard to the general trade depression throughout the north of China, Antung trade may be said on the whole to have been satisfactory through the year, and that merchants, both Chinese and Japanese, seem to look forward with confidence to a promising season in view of the decision to reconstruct the railway to Mukden, which will conduce to commercial activity in many directions.

## LUCKY FOR VIGAR.

During one of the banquets of the Church Congress in London a certain Bishop had as his left hand companion a clergyman who was completely bald. During dinner the bald-bishop dropped his napkin and stopped to pick it up. At this moment the Bishop, who was talking to his right-hand neighbour, felt a slight touch on his left arm. He turned, and beholding the vicar's paw on a level with his elbow, said "No, thank you; no melon."

## TELEGRAMS.

## TELEGRAMS.

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[DAILY PRESS EXCLUSIVE SERVICE.]

## THE SHANGHAI RACES.

## THIRD DAY RESULTS.

SHANGHAI, May 5th.

The results of to-day's meeting were as follows:

THE GREAT NORTHERN PLATE.—Value, Tls. 250. Second Pony, Tls. 75. If five or more starters, Third Pony, Tls. 50. For China Ponies, Ponies that have run at this meeting. Weight for inches as per scale.

The RUBICON PLATE.—Value Tls. 250. Second Pony, Tls. 75. If five or more starters, Third Pony, Tls. 50. For China Ponies, being bona fide Griffins at date of entry. Weight for inches as per scale. One Mile and a Quarter.

The SHANTUNG STAKES.—Value, Tls. 200. Second Pony, Tls. 50. Third Pony, Tls. 25. A forced entry for all Subscription Griffins otherwise entered at this meeting. Weight for inches as per scale. Unplaced Ponies allowed 5 lbs. Seven Furlongs.

Mr. Beverly's Brookton, (Vida) ... 1  
Messrs. Teeg and Speelman's Feho, (Hayes) ... 2  
Mr. Oswald's Ravenshoe, (Wulcanizer) ... 3  
Time, 1:45-5/5 record.

THE RUBICON PLATE.—Value Tls. 250. Second Pony, Tls. 75. If five or more starters, Third Pony, Tls. 50. For China Ponies, being bona fide Griffins at date of entry. Weight for inches as per scale. One Mile and a Quarter.

Mr. MacWee's Russley Cummings) ... 1  
Mr. Noogi's Fabulus (Moller) ... 2  
Mr. Jerome's King Cole (Wulcanizer) ... 3  
Time, 2:38-4/5.

THE SHANTUNG STAKES.—Value, Tls. 200. Second Pony, Tls. 50. Third Pony, Tls. 25. A forced entry for all Subscription Griffins otherwise entered at this meeting. Weight for inches as per scale. Unplaced Ponies allowed 5 lbs. Seven Furlongs.

Mr. Beverly's Brookton, (Vida) ... 1  
Mr. Kamei's Vingt-ét-un, (Vida) ... 2  
Mr. W. G. Pirie's Yeoman, (Canning) ... 3  
Mr. Wingard's Banff, (Moller) ... 1  
Mr. Kamel's Vingt-ét-un, (Vida) ... 2  
Mr. W. G. Pirie's Yeoman, (Canning) ... 3  
Time, 2:06-3/5.

THE PARIS MUTUEL STAKES.—Value, Tls. 300. Second Pony, Tls. 75. If five or more starters, Third Pony, Tls. 50. For China Ponies, Weight for inches as per scale. Griffins at date of entry allowed 7 lbs. A penalty of 7 lbs. for Non-Starters and Winners at this meeting. One mile and a half.

Mr. Buxxy's Celia Rose (Vida) ... 1  
Mr. N. W. Hickling's Maybury (Sparkes) ... 2  
Messrs. Teeg and Speelman's Susannah (Hayes) ... 3  
Time, 3 mins. 10-2/5 secs.

THE RACING STAKES.—Value, Tls. 250. Second Pony, Tls. 75. If five or more starters, Third Pony, Tls. 50. For China Ponies, that have not run before 1st January 1909. Weight for inches as per scale. Griffins at date of entry allowed 7 lbs. Non-Runners at this meeting. One mile and a half.

Mr. Buxxy's Celia Rose (Vida) ... 1  
Mr. N. W. Hickling's Maybury (Sparkes) ... 2  
Messrs. Teeg and Speelman's Susannah (Hayes) ... 3  
Time, 3 mins. 10-2/5 secs.

THE RACING STAKES.—Value, Tls. 250. Second Pony, Tls. 75. If five or more starters, Third Pony, Tls. 50. For China Ponies, that have not run before 1st January 1909. Weight for inches as per scale. Griffins at date of entry allowed 7 lbs. Non-Runners at this meeting. One mile and a half.

Mr. Buxxy's Celia Rose (Vida) ... 1  
Mr. N. W. Hickling's Maybury (Sparkes) ... 2  
Messrs. Teeg and Speelman's Susannah (Hayes) ... 3  
Time, 3 mins. 10-2/5 secs.

THE RACING STAKES.—Value, Tls. 250. Second Pony, Tls. 75. If five or more starters, Third Pony, Tls. 50. For China Ponies, that have not run before 1st January 1909. Weight for inches as per scale. Griffins at date of entry allowed 7 lbs. Non-Runners at this meeting. One mile and a half.

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## SUPREME COURT.

Wednesday, May 5th.

IN APPELLATE JURISDICTION.  
[BEFORE THE FULL COURT.]

## APPEAL FROM A JUDGMENT OF THE

CHIEF JUSTICE.

This was the third day of the hearing of the appeal in which the Hip On Exchange and Loan Co. Ltd., and the Hongkong and Manila Yuen Shing Exchange and Trading Co. Ltd. were appellants, Li Po Yung being respondent.

The appellants moved to reverse the judgment of the Chief Justice in an original action in so far as it directed, (1) That the sale by the appellants to Kwok Yik Ting of certain property, the subject of a counterclaim, be set aside, and that the consequent entries be made in the Land Office Register; and (2) That the appellant's claim, as plaintiffs in the action, be dismissed as against the respondent Li Po Yung with costs; and (3) That the appellants and Kwok Yik Ting (the defendant in the counter claim) pay to Li Po Yung his costs of the counter claim.

The defendant to the counter claim, Kwok Yik Ting, asked that the judgment, whereby it was directed that the sale of the properties from the Hip On Insurance Co. Ltd., to the appellants be set aside, be reversed so far as it declared such sale to be invalid.

Li Po Yung appealed on the ground that the release of Li Po Kam from liability under the mortgage also released him.

The Hip On and Yuen Shing Companies were represented by Hon. Mr. H. E. Pollock, K.C., instructed by Mr. H. L. Deacons of Messrs. Deans and Bowley; Kwok Yik Ting was represented by Hon. Sir Henry Berkeley, K.C., who was instructed by Mr. R. D. Atkinson (of Messrs. Deacon, Looker and Deacon); Li Po Yung was represented by Messrs. M. W. Slade and E. Potter who were instructed by Mr. F. Paget Hett (of Messrs. Bruton and Hatt); Li Po Kam was represented by Mr. H. G. Calthrop, who was instructed by Mr. C. D. Wilkinson (of Messrs. Wilkinson and Grisst).

Mr. Slade continued his argument. He stated that in order that their Lordships might fully appreciate the position created by the taking possession of this estate by the Hip On and Yuen Shing after the decision in the Court below, it would be desirable to recapitulate shortly the facts and the legal position of the parties before and after the judgment. Before the transaction which purported to pass the property to Kwok Yik Ting, the position was that Li Po Kam and Li Po Yung were mortgagees to the Hip On and Yuen Shing; that was to say, the Hip On and Yuen Shing had the legal estate, and Li Po Kam and Li Po Yung had the equity of redemption. Just before the transaction which was questioned in this action the Hip On and Yuen Shing, who had been only second mortgagees became first mortgagees by taking the assignment of the first mortgage for \$60,000 from the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank; so that by being second mortgagees and taking the transfer of the first mortgage they became first mortgagees for the whole of the two advances which amounted to \$210,000. At that time they had all the ordinary rights of mortgagees. They could go into possession; they could bring an action for foreclosure; or they could sell under the powers contained in the mortgages. They purported to sell under the power in the mortgage, but if that sale had been a good one it would have extinguished the mortgagors' equity of redemption, divested the two insurance companies of their legal estate, and passed over the whole of the estate, free from encumbrances, from Kwok Yik Ting.

Mr. Pollock—Certainly not. We don't claim any relief against you. Your Lordships never made an order with regard to any notice of motion being served on Li Po Kam. We understood you came to the conclusion that he should be present.

The Chief Justice—We said he ought to be a party.

Mr. Pollock—I cannot be made to claim relief against him when I don't claim it. With reference to his being added as a party, it is a matter for the Registrar to put him on the record.

The Chief Justice—I thought we quite understood that nobody acquiesced in the order we made.

Mr. Pollock—All I can do is to send to Li Po Kam the notice of motion which has been served on Li Po Yung. We may be damaging our case enormously by not claiming relief against him, but we take the responsibility.

The Chief Justice—We hold, as far as I can remember, that Li Po Kam should be a respondent. The Registrar has taken it down.

Decided that the appellants should make Li Po Kam a party. Question of costs reserved.

We still think that he ought to be a party, but whether there is any question of right involved can be considered hereafter.

After further argument the case was again adjourned.

## LATEST STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The H.A. Linie str. *Liberia* left Shanghai on the 3rd instant p.m. and may be expected here on or about the 7th instant a.m.

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The T.K.K. str. *Tayo Maru* arrived at San Francisco on the 3rd instant.

The Chief Justice—The form of the order was expressly reserved by the judgment. It was to be made subject to special application hereafter.

Mr. Slade said that was so, and he could submit a series of authorities which would show that title by estoppel was as effectual as an actual conveyance.

Mr. Pollock—I don't know whether it is correct to say that there's liberty to apply in these matters in the judgment.

The Chief Justice—I said what the form of the order will be, must be argued.

Mr. Pollock—But your Lordship had already directed the necessary rectification.

The Chief Justice—I don't know that that would be sufficient for the rectification to be made.

Mr. Pollock—Oh, yes. On that Kwok's name could have been struck out.

The Chief Justice—It so happens that at the time this judgment was given I had been looking into the question of registration of titles, and I should never have made that order if I thought the title was affected. The sale would not be set aside until the order was drawn up.

Mr. Pollock—The order takes effect from the date it is made.

Mr. Slade—There must be a formal decree drawn up and passed. Then the formal decree is shown to the Land Officer, who makes the corrections in the register ordered by the decree.

As a matter of fact, in this case the rectification in the register was not effected until November 19th. The decree was finally approved on November 16th by Messrs. Deacon, Looker and Deacon on behalf of Kwok Yik Ting.

Mr. Slade submitted that it would be wrong for the Court of Appeal to differ from the conclusions of the learned judge who heard the case where his conclusion largely depended on the demeanour of the witnesses, heard before him. Taking the judgment on the facts, and the points he had put before the Court on the facts, he submitted that the conclusion was irresistible, that there was nothing more or less than a conspiracy between the manager of these two companies and Kwok Yik Ting, to defraud the one had Li Po Yung, and on the other hand the two companies, assuming he had established that proposition, he submitted that in point of law Kwok, or rather the syndicate, who were all taxed with the same brush, were not entitled to any sums that they had expended upon the property that they had wrongfully acquired from the two companies. The position taken up by the learned counsel who appeared for Kwok Yik Ting was unconvincing. His argument was "you should get a recompence from them, and that you were not entitled to have it unless you paid Kwok what he had expended on the property." In the circumstances of this case Li Po Yung and Po Kam did not want any conveyance from him at all. He had to deal with the companies he had defrauded of their properties. It was conceivable that two defaulting managers, who had got this property, could ask to be paid anything for what they had done with the property. He was informed, to his great surprise, that in spite of their Lordships' order, the appellants had declined to join Li Po Kam as a party.

Mr. Pollock—I am prepared to deal with that point.

Mr. Slade—So that as far as this case is concerned they are going on with Li Po Yung alone.

Mr. Pollock—A letter has been written to Li Po Kam's solicitor fully explaining the situation.

Mr. Calthrop—The appellants refused to join us. We cannot be made parties without notice being served on us. They say they won't make us responsible.

Mr. Pollock—Certainly not. We don't claim any relief against you. Your Lordships never made an order with regard to any notice of motion being served on Li Po Kam.

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Communications respecting Advertisements, Subscriptions, Printing, Binding, &c., should be addressed, DAILY PRESS only, and special business matter THE MANAGER.

Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until countermanded.

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## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO., LTD.

I have to-day handed over Charge of the Company's Interests to Mr. B. A. WENNINK. N. G. M. LUYKX. Hongkong, 5th May, 1909. [709]

## FOR SALE.

A MAGAZINE HAND CAMERA to carry one dozen Plates 5 by 4. Good Lens and Easy Adjustment. Apply to VELOX, Care of "Daily Press" Office, Hongkong, 6th May, 1909. [710]

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions from Capt. F. H. Rolfe, to Sell by Public Auction.

On WEDNESDAY, the 12th May, 1909, commencing at 2.30 P.M., at his Residence, No. 9, Kennedy Road.

A QUANTITY OF VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, comprising:

UPHOLSTERED CHAIRS, BRASS FENDERS, WRITING TABLES, HAT STAND, CARPETS, RUGS, LACE CURTAINS, ORNAMENTS, &c., &c.

EXTENSION DINING TABLE, SIDEBOARD, DINNER WAGGON, DESK, DINING CHAIRS, OVER-MANTELS, DINNER and DESSET SETS, &c., &c.

SINGLE and DOUBLE BRASS MOUNTED BEDSTEADS with HAIR MATTRESSES, WARDROBES with BEVELLED MIRRORS, MARBLE-TOP WASHSTANDS, DRESSING TABLES with BEVELLED MIRRORS, CHESTS OF DRAWERS, TOILET SETS, BOOK CASE, &c., &c.

BATHROOM, PANTRY and KITCHEN REQUISITES, and Quantity of HOUSE HOLD LINEN.

One COALPORT CHINA TEA SET. One COTTAGE PIANO, by "Collard and Collard."

A Few Pieces of CANTON BLACKWOOD WARE;

## A Quantity of PLANTS in POTS.

Terms—Cash on delivery. On View from TUESDAY the 11th May, 1909.

GEO. P. LAMMERT, Auctioneer. Hongkong, 6th May, 1909. [711]



AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAM FOR FIUME and TRIESTE (DIRECT), SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, KARACHI, ADEN, SUEZ and PORT SAID. (Taking Cargo at through rates to the BRAZILS to PERSIAN GULF, RED SEA, BLACK SEA, LEVANT, VENICE and ADRIATIC PORTS).

THE Company's Steamship "CHINA."

Captain Bergulian, will be despatched as above on or about 25th inst.

This Steamer has capital accommodation for passengers, electric light and carries a doctor and stewardess.

For information as to Passage and Freight apply to SANDER, WIELER & Co., Agents, Prince's Buildings.

Hongkong, 6th May, 1909. [5]

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN, IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

THE Steamer

"PRINZ ETEL FRIEDRICH," having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables, are being landed and stored at their risk into the Godowns and stored at their risk into the Godowns and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, Kowloon, and West Point Godowns, whence delivery may be obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all goods remaining undelivered after the 11th inst., will be subject to re-allowance.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 11th inst., at 9.30 A.M.

All Claims must reach us before the 15th inst., or they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the Undersigned.

This Steamer brings Cargo, Ex S.S. "SACHSEN" from Barcelona.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, MELCHERS & Co., General Agents.

Hongkong, 4th May, 1909. [5]

GRACA & CO., (Established 1896.) No. 27 Des-Veux Road.

Dealers in POSTAGE STAMPS

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VIEW POST CARDS.

Just Received Selection of SINI'S ILLUSTRATED

POSTAGE STAMP ALBUMS.

Latest Edition, from \$1.75 to \$16 Each.

SUGAR CORN SEEDS.

Inspection Invited. [548]

## INTIMATION

## TENDERS FOR REVENUE FARMS.

TENDERS are invited for the Lease of Revenue Farms in the State of North Borneo from the 1st January, 1910, as set out hereunder.

REVENUE FARMS IN THE STATE OF NORTH BORNEO.

In making arrangements for the leasing of the Farms for the next Farm period of 1910, 1911 and 1912, the Government reserves to itself the right of vesting the Farms (as provided in the Proclamations concerned as named in Schedule A appended) in any person, by public or private sale as may be thought fit.

Subject to the above reservation it is hereby notified that tenders will be received at the Office of the Secretary to the Governor, Sandakan, up to 12 o'clock noon, on the 1st day of OCTOBER, 1909, for the purchase of the exclusive privileges of the Farms described below for a period of one, two or three years commencing on the 1st January, 1910.

Any person either for himself alone or for himself and others, may, either in person or by agent duly accredited in writing, on any date prior to the said noon of the 1st October next, submit to the said Secretary at Sandakan, any tender he may think fit for all or any of the Farms, provided such tender is in conformity with the terms of tendering hereinafter set out and fulfills all the conditions required of the Farmer.

All tenders so made will (except at the express wish of the tenderers to the contrary) be received and treated by the Government as strictly confidential.

On receiving any such tender, Government reserves to itself the right of deciding whether it shall be considered or not.

If Government decides not to consider the tender, it will be returned to the tenderer under sealed cover.

All tenders accepted for consideration by Government will be, in the first instance, retained by Government for further consideration with the tenders handed in on 1st October, 1909, which will be opened at noon on that date, after which the successful tenderer will be selected.

2. The Farms, above referred to, are:—

BRITISH NORTH BORNEO—OPUM, SPRINT, GAMBLING and PAWNBORING, as follows:—

(a) in one concession for the whole State.

(b) in one concession for any of the following Districts of the State, the limits named including the interior territory watered by the rivers within the limits given respectively:—

(i) SANDAKAN DISTRICT—the Territory bounded on the one side by the true right watershed of the Kinabatangan River and on the other by the true left watershed of the Paitan River.

(ii) KUDAT DISTRICT—the Territory bounded on the one side by the true left watershed of the Paitan River and on the other by the true right watershed of the Pinang River.

(iii) WEST COAST DISTRICT—the Territory bounded on the one side by the true right watershed of the Pinang River and on the other by the Northern Boundary of Province Clarke.

(iv) EAST COAST DISTRICT—the Territory bounded on the one side by the true right watershed of the Kinabatangan River and on the other by the Dutch Boundary on the South at Broerahoek point.

(v) PROVINCE CLARKE—being the Territory bounded between Batu-Batu and the Lawas Northern watershed.

4. The attention of those desirous of tendering is drawn to the following terms:—

(a) The tender must state in his tender the annual sum offered for the Farm rent for the three years 1910, 1911 and 1912; a different sum may be offered for the first, second and third years respectively. The tenderer must also clearly state the proportion of the amount of the Rent to be allotted to each separate Farm.

(b) The Government does not bind itself to accept the highest or any tender, and reserves to itself the right of making any arrangements it may deem advisable as regards the letting of the Farms.

(c) Each tenderer should specify in full, in English, and in the vernacular language of the tenderer, the names, residences and occupations of the persons tendering, and similar information regarding any security or any partner that the tenderer wishes to propose.

(d) The successful tenderer will be called upon to enter a contract under the provisions of the Proclamations named in Schedule A appended.

(e) Copies of the Forms of Contracts for the Farms may be seen on application at the Offices of the said SECRETARY, at Sandakan; or of Messrs. GUTHRIE & CO., at Singapore, or of Messrs. GIBR. LIVINGSTON & CO., at Hongkong.

(f) The successful tenderer will be required to deposit with the Finance Commissioner, Sandakan, Security to the value of three months' Farm rent by means of a deposit of money to the amount of one month's Farm rent, and of tide deeds to the amount of two months' Farm rent.

(g) The retail rates for Chanda fixed by Government for the Opium Farm for 1910, 1911 and 1912 are those specified below:—

Per tshil. . . . . 3.24

chi . . . . . 0.30

5 min packet . . . . . 0.15

4 . . . . . 0.12

3 . . . . . 0.09

2 . . . . . 0.06

(h) The Opium Farmer is responsible for seeing that Chanda is not sold by retail at the Opium Farm or at the Opium Shops at prices higher than those fixed by Government and named above (g).

The Opium and Spirit Farmers may fix their own prices for supplying the Opium and Spirit Farm Shops wholesale with Chanda and Spirits.

(i) During the continuance of the Farm period, the Opium and Spirit Farmers will be entitled to the use of a Trade-mark (to be approved by Government) to be affixed to any Opium or Chanda prepared by them, and to any vessel containing Spirits for sale.

(j) As soon as the new Farmers have been appointed by the Governor, they will be required to submit in writing to the Secretary to the Governor a Schedule showing full particulars of the Title Deeds they purpose to deposit with the Government as security for the said two months' Farm rent. If these are considered satisfactory, the new Farmers will be required to execute a mortgage of the property to the Government as provided for by law.

(k) The Farmer for the West Coast may be required to rent certain Farm buildings at Jesselton.

(l) The following Proclamations govern the conduct of the Farms in B. N. Borneo viz:—

SCHEDULE A.

The Opium Proclamation No. 16 of 1901 as amended by No. 7 of 1904.

The Liquors Proclamation No. 17 of 1901.

The Pawnbrokers Proclamation No. 14 of 1902 as amended by No. 1 of 1903, and No. 3 of 1906.

The Gambling Proclamation No. 8 of 1891.

Hongkong, 3rd May, 1909. [563]

## ENTERTAINMENTS

## THEATRE ROYAL.

## BANDMANN DRAMATIC CO.

## TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!

Wilson Barrett's Masterpiece,

## THE SIGN OF THE CROSS.

Mr. HENRY DALLAS as

"MARCUS SUPERBUS."

PRICES . . . . . \$3, \$2 & \$1.

Plan at MOUTRIES. [712]

## TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!

## GREAT SUCCESS OF FIRST CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.

## THE HIPPODROME CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE

## INTRODUCING: NEW SCENES, NEW FEATS, NEW ANIMALS, NEW FACES, SKILL, DARING AND GORGEOUS.

## TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

Box Plan at ROBINSON PIANO CO., LTD.

## NEXT MATINEE:

SATURDAY,

AT 3.30 P.M.

Special Train will be run before and after the Performance.

Doors open at 8 P.M. Overture 9 P.M.

N.B.—The Management of the HIPPODROME Circus, according to usual customs throughout their tour of the East, beg to invite all members of all Orphanages in the Colony to their MATINEES during their stay in Hongkong, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, at 3.30 P.M.

By Order of the Board of Directors, A. JACKSON, Representative. [697]

## NOTICE.

\$150,000 to Invest on Mortgage. Send Particulars of Securities offered to

"X" Care of "Daily Press" Office, Hongkong, 30th March, 1909. [537]

## BOARD AND RESIDENCE.

## WANTED a Good Sized BED-SITTING ROOM (higher levels preferable) Optional but veranda with view of harbour essential. Apply giving full particulars to—

X X X Care of "Daily Press" Office, Hongkong, 24th April, 1909. [558]

## THE DAIRY FARM CO., LTD.

## Have much pleasure in announcing further

## REDUCTIONS

## IN BUTTER PRICES

FROM 1ST MAY, 1909.

Buttercup Brand . . . . . 65 cents per lb.

Dairymaid Brand . . . . . 70 . . . . .

" Daisy" Brand . . . . . 75 . . . . .

## BANKS

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED.  
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Yen 24,000,000  
RESERVE FUND ..... 15,500,000  
HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.  
Tokyo Kobe Osaka  
Nagasaki London Lyons  
New York San Francisco Honolulu  
Bombay Shanghai Hankow  
Chefoo Tientsin Peking  
Nowchwang Daloy Port Arthur  
Antung Liuyang Mukden  
Tieling Ching Chiau

HONGKONG—INTEREST ALLOWED.  
On Current Account at the rate of 2 per cent  
per annum on the daily balance.  
On fixed deposits for 12 months 5% per annum  
" " " 3% " " " 3% "  
TAKEO TAKAMICHI,  
Manager.

Hongkong, 12th September, 1908. [455]

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA  
AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.  
HEAD OFFICE—LONDON.

PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... £1,200,000  
RESERVE FUND ..... £1,575,000  
RESERVE LIABILITIES OF PROPRIETORS ..... £1,200,000

INTEREST allowed on Current Account  
at the rate of 2 per cent per annum on the Daily  
balances.

On Fixed Deposits for 12 months 4% per cent.  
for 6 " 3% " " 3% "

WM. DICKSON,  
Manager.

Hongkong, 6th April, 1909. [121]

NEEDERLANDSCHE HANDEL  
MAATSCHAPPIJ.

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY)  
ESTABLISHED 1824.

PAID UP CAPITAL FL. 45,000,000 (£3,750,000)  
RESERVE FUND FL. 5,752,884.84  
(about £479,407)

HEAD OFFICE: AMSTERDAM.  
HEAD AGENCY: BATAVIA.

Branches—Singapore, Penang, Shanghai, Rangoon, Samarang, Sourabaya, Cheribon, Tegal, Pecalongan, Pasercerang, Tjilatjap, Padang, Medan (Deli) Palembang, Kota Radja, (Achern) Bandjermasin—  
Correspondents at Macassar, Bombay, Colombo, Madras, Pondicherry, Calcutta, Bangkok, Saigon, Haiphong, Hanoi, Amoy, Yokohama, Kobe, Melbourne, Sydney, New York, San Francisco, &c. &c.

LONDON BANKERS—  
THE UNION OF LONDON AND SMITHS BANK, LIMITED.

The Bank buys and sells and receives for collection Bills of Exchange, issue letters of credit on its Branches and Correspondents in the East, on the Continent, and in Great Britain, America, and Australia, and transacts Banking Business of every description.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

On Current Account 2 per annum on daily  
balances.

On Fixed Deposits 12 months 4% per annum.  
" do. 6 do. 3% " do.  
" do. 3 do. 3% " do.

J. L. VAN HOUTEN, Agent.  
Hongkong, 16th July, 1908. [25]

DEUTSCH-ASIATISCHE BANK.

CAPITAL FULLY PAID UP: Sh. Taka 7,500,000

HEAD OFFICE—SHANGHAI.  
BOARD OF DIRECTORS, BERLIN.

BRANCHES.  
Berlin, Hamburg, Calcutta, Hankow, Tientsin, Peking, Tsinan, Tsinhai, Kobe, Yokohama, Singapore.

Founded by the following Banks and  
Bankers—

KOENIGLICHE STEHLANDUNG (PEUSSISCHE  
STAATSBANK) Berlin.

DIREKTION DER DISCONTO-  
GESELLSCHAFT.

DEUTSCHE BANK.

S. BLEICHRODE.

BERLINESISCHE HANDEL-  
GESELLSCHAFT.

BANK FÜR HANDEL UND  
INDUSTRIE.

ROBERT WAESCHAUER & CO.

MENDELSSOHN & CO.

M. A. VON ROTHSCHILD &  
SÖHNE.

JACOB S. H. STEIN.

NORD-BÜSCHER BANK IN HAMBURG, HAMBURG.

SAL. OPPENHEIM, JR., & CO., KOELN.

BAVARISCHE HYPOTHEKEN UND WECHSEL-  
BANK, MÜNCHEN.

LONDON BANKERS:

Messrs. N. M. ROTHSCHILD & SON:

THE UNION OF LONDON AND SMITH'S  
BANK, LIMITED.

DEUTSCHE BANK (BERLIN), LONDON AGENCY

DIREKTION DER DISCONTO-GESELLSCHAFT.

INTEREST allowed on Current Account,  
DEPOSITS received on terms which may be  
learned on application. Every description of  
Banking and exchange business transacted.

A. KOEHN,  
Manager.

Hongkong, 4th December, 1907. [24]

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF  
INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL ..... £1,500,000  
SUBSCRIBED ..... 1,125,000  
PAID-UP ..... 562,000  
RESERVE FUND ..... 250,000

LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK, LIMITED.

INTEREST allowed on Current Accounts  
at the rate of 2 per cent per annum on the  
Daily balance.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS:

For 12 months ..... 4 per cent.

For 6 " ..... 3% per cent.

For 3 " ..... 2% per cent.

EVAN O'BRIENSTON,  
Manager.

Hongkong, 27th April, 1909. [23]

## BANKS

## HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

THE Business of the above Bank is  
conducted by the HONGKONG AND  
SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rates may be obtained on application.  
INTEREST on deposits is allowed at 3%  
per cent. per annum.

Depositors may transfer at their option  
balance \$100 or more to the HONGKONG AND  
SHANGHAI BANK to be placed on FIXED  
DEPOSIT at 4 per cent. per annum.

For the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI  
BANKING CORPORATION.  
J. R. M. SMITH,  
Chief Manager.  
Hongkong, 12th January, 1907. [21]

NEDERLANDSCH-INDISCHE  
HANDELSBANK.

(NETHERLANDS INDIA COMMERCIAL BANK).

ESTABLISHED 1863.

Authorised Capital FL 15,000,000 (£1,250,000)  
Subscribed Capital FL 10,000,000 (Paid up)  
Reserve Fund FL 2,200,517.37 (£183,376)

HEAD OFFICE: AMSTERDAM.  
HEAD AGENCY: BATAVIA.

LONDON BANKERS:  
THE WILLIAMS DEACONS BANK,  
SWISS BANKER.

BRANCHES AND AGENTS all over the  
World.

THE BANK transacts every description of  
Banking and Exchange business, receives money  
in Current Account at the rate of 2 per cent. per  
annum on Daily balances and accepts Fixed  
Deposits at the following rates:

12 months 4% per annum.  
6 do. 3% " do.  
3 do. 3% " do.

C. WOLDRINGH, Manager,  
No. 16, Des Vœux Road Central.  
Hongkong, 3rd November, 1908. [26]

THE BANK OF TAI WAN, LIMITED

(INCORPORATED BY SPECIAL IMPERIAL  
CHARTER).

Capital Subscribed (paid up) ..... Yen 5,000,000  
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 1,320,000

HEAD OFFICE: TAIPEH, FORMOSA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Amoy Lobo Tainan  
Anping Nagasaki Tamsui  
Foochow Osaka Tokyo  
Keelung Shanghai Yokohama  
Swatow

HONGKONG OFFICE:

3, DES VŒUX ROAD.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts  
Deposits received on terms which may be had  
on application.

D. TOHDOW, Manager.  
Hongkong, 11th March, 1909. [694]

INTERNATIONAL BANKING  
CORPORATION.

CAPITAL PAID UP ..... Gold \$3,250,000,  
about Mex. \$7,222,222

RESERVE FUND ..... Gold \$3,250,000  
about Mex. \$7,222,222

HEAD OFFICE: 60 Wall Street, New York.

LONDON OFFICE: Threadneedle House, E.C.

LONDON BANKERS:

BAK OF ENGLAND.

NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK OF ENGLAND  
LIMITED.

THE CAPITAL & COUNTIES BANK, LIMITED.

BRANCHES AND AGENTS all over the World.

The Corporation transacts every description  
of Banking and Exchange business, receives  
money in Current Account at the rate of 2  
per cent. per annum on Daily balances and  
accepts Fixed Deposits at the following rates:

For 12 months 4% per annum.  
For 6 " 3% " do.  
For 3 " 3% " do.

No. 9, Queen's Road, Central, Hongkong.  
W. M. ANDERSON,  
Manager.  
Hongkong, 8th April, 1908. [643]

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI  
BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... \$15,000,000

RESERVE FUNDS—  
STERLING ..... £1,500,000 at 2/- = \$15,000,000  
SILVER ..... \$14,500,000

\$29,500,000

RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROP. TO \$15,000,000

COUNT OF DIRECTORS.

Hon. Mr. W. J. GREGSON—Chairman.

H. E. TOMKIN, Esq.—Deputy Chairman.

J. W. BANDOW, Esq. E. Shelling, Esq.

E. G. BARRETT, Esq. E. SHAW, Esq.

C. S. GUBBAY, Esq. H. A. SIEB, Esq.

W. HELMS, Esq. Hon. Mr. H. A. W. SLADE

C. R. LEIGHMANN, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER:

Hongkong—J. R. M. SMITH.

MANAGER:

Shanghai—W. ADAMS ORAM.

LONDON BANKERS—LONDON AND COUNTIES  
BANKING COMPANY, LIMITED.

HONGKONG—INTEREST ALLOWED.

On Current Account at the rate of Two per  
cent. per annum on the daily balance.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS:

For 3 months 2% per cent. per annum.

For 6 months 3% per cent. per annum.

For 12 months 4% per cent. per annum.

J. R. M. SMITH,  
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 8th April, 1909. [20]

NOW ON SALE.

MAIL TABLES  
FOR 1909.

Shows the dates of departure of the Mails  
to Europe and America, and the dates of their  
expected arrival at their destinations, as well as  
the dates of return Mails.

Mounted on Card ..... 30 Cents.

On Paper ..... 20 Cents.

On Sale at the "Hongkong Daily" Press  
Office.

SCIENTIFIC MISCELLANY.

VOLCANIC GOLD—GOBLETS OF ICE—OUR  
LACK OF SMELL—A MACHINE SENTINEL  
FOR SHIPS—ROTATION OF FORESTS—A  
WONDERFUL LATHE AUTOMATON—THE  
BURROW OF THE HUMAN ANT—A PULSE  
RECORDER—MAKING KINSHIP CLOSER—ART  
IN GRINDING.

A new theory of gold bearing alluvial  
deposits has been worked out by M. Fleur, a  
French geologist. It has been usually assumed  
that gold sulphide and telluride in the earth's  
central nucleus have been dissolved in hot  
springs and afterward deposited with galena  
silica, and that the erosion of the auriferous  
quartz veins thus formed has given the alluvial  
state containing metallic gold. This proves  
to be true in some cases. More often, however,  
the gold in the deposits is associated with basic  
rocks, like diabase or diorite instead of  
silica, and reasons are found for concluding that  
in general, heavy eruptive rocks have  
brought up some of the metallic gold from the  
earth's interior, and after oxidation and erosion  
the lighter materials of these rocks have been  
washed away, leaving the heavier portions,  
including the gold.

Drinking tumblers made of ice were first  
tried in Holland, where they are considerably  
used in hot weather. They are made by pouring  
a little water into a metallic outer mold, introducing  
a well-centered inner form, and plunging the whole  
into a freezing mixture. The early tendency to break at the bottom  
has been remedied by shaping the molds so that the  
bottom is thick and curved upward. On  
taking from the mold, the cup is given an  
external wrapper of paraffined paper for  
protection in handling, and is then placed in cold  
storage until wanted for use.

Drinking tumblers made of ice were first  
tried in Holland, where they are considerably  
used in hot weather

## SHIPPING.

## ARRIVALS.

ANGHUL, German str., 1,001, C. Kampel, 4th May—Bangkok 27th April, Rice—Butterfield & Swire.

CHENAN, British str., 1,234, Brown, 5th May—Shanghai 2nd May, General—Butterfield & Swire.

DAIGI MARU, Japanese str., 1,569, H. Murayama, 5th May—Takao 2nd May, General—Otsu Shōsen Kaisha.

HATYANG, British str., 1,162, Hodgson, 5th May—Swatow 4th May, General—Dempsey, Laprade & Co.

HANGKONG, French str., 742, J. Pannier, 5th May—Halong, Holloway, Pahol & K. C. Wan 1st May, Coal and General—A. R. Mart & Co.

NIKOSAN MARU, Japanese str., 2,302, Masuda, May—Kuching 30th April, Coal—Mitsui Bussan Kaisha.

KORANNA, British str., 2,667, John H. Beare, 5th May—New York via Singapore 13th March, General—Shaw, Saville & Co.

PALMERO, British str., 7,600, J. Ferguson, 4th May—Manila 2nd May, General—P. & O. S. N. Co.

PRINZ EITEL FRIEDRICH, German str., 5,001, E. Mulchow, 5th May—Hamburg 23rd March, Mail and General—Melchers & Co.

TJIBODA, Dutch str., 2,953, P. Zwart, 4th May—Macassar 26th April, Sugar and General—Java-China-Japan Line.

## CLEARANCES.

AT THE HARBOUR MASTER'S OFFICE.

5th May.

Amico, German str., for Manila.

Minicoya, American str., for Nagasaki.

P. E. Friedrich, German str., for Shanghai.

## DEPARTURES.

5th May.

ASCANIÀ, German str., for Tsingtau.

BANGKOK, German str., for Bangkok.

BOENKO, German str., for Sandakan.

BUKLOW, German str., for Europe, &amp;c.

CHOTSANG, British str., for Canton.

CHUNSHAN, British str., for Shanghai.

FEITHJOE, Norwegian str., for Chefoo.

GLENCOE, British str., for Amoy.

HAIMUN, British str., for Swatow.

HONGKONG, French str., for Haiphong.

KAMOK, Norwegian str., for Haiphong.

KWANGLEE, Chinese str., for Shanghai.

KWANGTAE, Chinese str., for Canton.

LUCHOW, British str., for Iloilo.

MIYASAKI MARU, Jap. str., for Singapore.

NUHIA, British str., for Singapore.

QUINTA, German str., for Canton.

SADO MARU, Japanese str., for Kobe.

## SHIPPING REPORTS.

The British str. *Haiyang* reports: Light breeze overcast and heavy occasional banks of fog.The British str. *Chusan* reports: Light variable winds and thick foggy weather throughout the passage.

## VESSELS IN DOCK.

May 5th.

ABERDEEN DOCK—*Knivesberg*, H.M.S. KOWLOON DOCK—*Y. Souta*, H.M.S. Moonbeam, China, *Zafiro*, H.M.S. Britomart. COSMOPOLITAN DOCK—*Mausang*.

## VESSELS ON THE BERTH

FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG AND CALCUTTA.

THE Steamship.

"JAPAN."

Captain J. G. Olifent, will be despatched for the above Ports TO-MORROW, the 7th May, at 3 P.M. instead of as previously advertised.

DAVID SASSOON &amp; CO., LTD.

Agent.

Hongkong, 5th May, 1909.

[630]

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA.

(Florio and Rubattino United Companies.)

STEAM FOR BOMBAY

VIA SINGAPORE AND PENANG.

Having connection with Company's Mail Steamers to Port Said, Messina, Naples, Leghorn and Genoa, also Venice and Trieste, all Mediteranean, Adriatic, Levantine and SOUTH AMERICAN Ports up to Callao. (Taking Cargo at through rates to Persian Gulf and Bagdad, also Barcelona, Valencia, Alicante, Almeria and Malaga.)

THE Steamship.

"CAPRI."

Captain Pedone, will be despatched as above on TUESDAY, the 11th inst., at Noon.

For further particulars regarding Freight and Passage, apply to

CARLOWITZ &amp; CO., Agents.

Hongkong, 1st May, 1909.

[4]

THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAM FOR STRAITS, CEYLON, AUSTRALIA, INDIA, ADEN, EGYPT, MEDITERRANEAN PORTS, PLYMOUTH AND LONDON.

THROUGH BILLS OF LADING, ISSUED FOR BATAVIA, PERSIAN GULF, CONTINENTAL AMERICAN AND SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

THE Steamship.

"DELTA."

Captain B. W. H. Snow, carrying His Majesty's Mails, will be despatched from this port, Bombay, &amp;c., on SATURDAY, the 15th May, at Noon, taking passengers and cargo for the above ports in connection with the Company's s.s. "INDIA" 8,000 tons, from Colombo, passengers' accommodation in which vessel is secured before departure from Hongkong.

Silk and Valuables, all cargo for France and Tea for London (under arrangement) will be transhipped at Colombo into the mail steamer proceeding direct to Marseilles and London, other cargo for London, &amp;c., will be forwarded from Bombay by the H.M.S. "ARABIA" due in London on the 26th June, 1909.

Parcel will be received at this Office until 4 P.M. the day before sailing. The contents and value of all packages are required.

For further particulars, apply to

F. A. HEWETT,

Superintendent.

Hongkong, 3rd May, 1909.

[1]

## VESSELS ADVERTISED AS LOADING

To ascertain the anchorage of any Vessel, the Harbour has been divided into Four Sections commencing from Green Island. Vessels anchoring nearest Kowloon are marked "K," nearest Hongkong "L," midway between Hongkong and Kowloon "M," and those vessels berthed at the Kowloon Wharf "L.W." together with the number denoting the section.

SECTIONS.

1 From Green Island to the Harbour Master's. 2 From Harbour Master's to Blake Pier. 3 From Blake Pier to Naval Yard. 4 From Naval Yard to East Point.

P. &amp; O. S. N. CO. 15th inst. at Noon.

W. W. COOKE, R.N. CO. 21st inst.

McGREGOR BROS. &amp; GOW. 3rd inst.

KNAFELD. 4th inst.

HILDEBRANDT. 5th inst.

G. S. WALTER, R.N.E. 6th inst.

V. HOFF. 7th inst.

V. DÖHREN. 8th inst.

SCHWALBHAMMER. 9th inst.

CHARBONNEL. 10th inst.

T. MURAI. 11th inst.

S. J. G. PARSONS. 12th inst.

F. E. COPE. 13th inst.

G. MEINERS. 14th inst.

BERGULIAN. 15th inst.

P. &amp; O. S. N. CO. 16th inst.

CANADIAN PACIFIC R. CO. 17th inst.

CANADIAN PACIFIC R. CO. 18th inst.

NIPPON YUSHIN KAISHA. 19th inst.

NIPPON YUSHIN KAISHA. 20th inst.

TOYOKISEN KAISHA. 21st inst.

MELCHERS &amp; CO. 22nd inst.

HAMBURG-AMERICA LINE. 23rd inst.

HAMBURG-AMERICA LINE. 24th inst.

HAMBURG-AMERICA LINE. 25th inst.

SANDER, WIMLER &amp; CO. 26th inst.

DODWELL &amp; CO. LTD. 27th inst.

12th inst. at Noon.

ABOUT 26TH INST. AT NOON.

ABOUT 27TH INST. AT NOON.

ABOUT 28TH INST. AT NOON.

ABOUT 29TH INST. AT NOON.

ABOUT 30TH INST. AT NOON.

ABOUT 31ST INST. AT NOON.

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ABOUT 3RD INST. AT NOON.

ABOUT 4TH INST. AT NOON.

ABOUT 5TH INST. AT NOON.



## POST OFFICE NOTICE

Only fully paid letters and postcards are transmissible by the SIBERIAN MAIL to EUROPE.

Approximate times of closing in: At Shanghai via Daily and Siberia.

12th May ..... at 8.30 p.m.  
15th May ..... at 8.30 p.m.  
20th May ..... at 8.00 a.m.

The Polynesian, with the French mail of the 9th April, left Singapore on Monday, the 3rd inst., at 7 a.m., and may be expected here on or about Monday, the 10th instant. This packet brings replies to letters dispatched from Hongkong on the 6th March.

TO	FROM	DATE
Hongkong	Hainan	Wednesday, 6th, 9.00 a.m.
Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Seattle	Minnesota	Wednesday, 6th, 11.00 a.m.
Macau	Thursday	Wednesday, 6th, 1.15 p.m.
Shanghai	Thursday	Wednesday, 6th, 3.00 p.m.
Hankow	Thursday	Wednesday, 6th, 3.00 p.m.
Bangkok	Thursday	Wednesday, 6th, 5.00 p.m.
Shanghai, Kure, Kobe and Yokohama	Thursday	Wednesday, 6th, 5.00 p.m.
Quang Chow, Wan, Hoihow, Pakhoi and Halphon	Friday	Thursday, 7th, 9.00 a.m.
Yokohama, Kobe and Moji	Friday	Thursday, 7th, 11.00 a.m.
Shanghai	Friday	Thursday, 7th, 1.15 p.m.
Macau	Friday	Thursday, 7th, 2.00 p.m.
Singapore, Manam and Calcutta	Friday	Thursday, 7th, 2.00 p.m.
Amoy, Manila, Penang and Colombo	Friday	Thursday, 7th, 3.00 p.m.
Singapore, Penang and Colombo	Saturday	Friday, 8th, 1.15 p.m.
Manila	Saturday	Friday, 8th, 3.00 p.m.
Macau	Saturday	Friday, 8th, 3.00 p.m.
Amoy and Foochow	Saturday	Friday, 8th, 3.00 p.m.
SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA, VICTORIA AND VANCOUVER (B.C.)	Saturday	Friday, 8th, 3.00 p.m.
SIBERIAN MAIL TO EUROPE	Saturday	Friday, 8th, 3.00 p.m.
(Supplementary mail on board up to the time fixed for departure. Extra Postage 10 cents)	Saturday	Friday, 8th, 3.00 p.m.
Tientsin	Empress of China	Registration, 4.00 p.m.
Ningpo and Shanghai	Empress of China	Printed Matter and Samples, 4.00 p.m.
Sandakan	Empress of China	Registration, 4.00 p.m.
Shanghai	Empress of China	Letters, 5.00 p.m.
Singapore, Amoy and Tamsui	Empress of China	Saturday, 8th, 5.00 p.m.
Manila	Empress of China	Saturday, 8th, 5.00 p.m.
Singapore, Colombo and Bombay	Empress of China	Sunday, 9th, 5.00 p.m.
SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA, HONOLULU AND SAN FRANCISCO	Empress of China	Monday, 10th, 5.00 p.m.
SIBERIAN MAIL TO EUROPE	Empress of China	Tuesday, 11th, 3.00 p.m.
(Supplementary mail on board up to the time fixed for departure of the mail. Extra Postage 10 cents)	Empress of China	Printed Matter, and Samples, 8.00 a.m.
China	Empress of China	Registration, 9.00 a.m. (Registration with late fee of 10 cents, up to 9.45 a.m.)
	Empress of China	Registration, 9.00 a.m. (Registration with late fee of 10 cents, up to 9.45 a.m.)
	Empress of China	Registration, 9.00 a.m. (Registration with late fee of 10 cents, up to 9.45 a.m.)
	Empress of China	Letters, 10.00 a.m.

## BORDEAUX CHEAP CLARET.

We are offering this claret to our customers and the public as a right wine for ordinary daily use, and we assure them that this brand is far Superior in Quality and Cheaper in Price than any other low priced brand of claret to be obtainable in the market.

## VIN ORDINAIRE (CORTES CASTILLION)

PRICE ..... \$5.50 2 DOZ. PINTS.  
..... \$4.50 1 QTS.

SAMPLE ON APPLICATION.

## H. RUTTONJEE &amp; SON.

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

[38]

## TO-DAY.

Extraordinary General Meeting, Hall & Holtz, Ltd., 4 p.m.

## TO-MORROW.

Extraordinary General Meeting, Union Insurance Society of Canton, Ltd., 12.30 p.m.  
Extraordinary General Meeting, The China Traders' Insurance Co., Ltd., 12.45 p.m.

## COMMERCIAL.

## EXCHANGE CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

May 5th.

ON LONDON.— Telegraphic Transfer 1/9<sup>th</sup>

Bank Bills, on demand 1/9<sup>th</sup>

Bank Bills, at 30 days' sight 1/10

Bank Bills, at 4 months' sight 1/10<sup>th</sup>

Credit, at 4 months' sight 1/10<sup>th</sup>

Documentary Bills, 4 months' sight 1/10<sup>th</sup>

ON PARIS.— Bank Bills, on demand 230

Credit, at 4 months' sight 234

ON GERMANY.— On demand 187

ON NEW YORK.— Bank Bills, on demand 44

Credit, at 60 days' sight 48

ON BOMBAY.— Telegraphic Transfer 137

Bank, on demand 137

## CALCUTTA.

Telegraphic Transfer 137

Bank, on demand 137

ON SHANGHAI.— Bank, at sight 742

Private, 30 days' sight 753

ON YOKOHAMA.— On demand 89

ON MANILA.— On demand Pesos 90

ON SINGAPORE.— On demand 73

ON BANGLA.— On demand 139

ON HAIKONG.— On demand 10<sup>th</sup> p.m.

ON SAIGON.— On demand 10<sup>th</sup> p.m.

SOVEREIGN'S Bank's Buying Rate \$10.80

GOLD LEAF, 100 fine, per tael \$57.05

BAR SILVER, per oz. 24<sup>th</sup>

## OPIUM.

May 5th.

Quotations are—

Malwa Now ..... \$1,070/1,080 per picoul.

Malwa Old ..... \$1,090/1,100

Malwa Older ..... \$1,110/1,140

Malwa V. Old ..... \$1,150/1,185

Persian fine quality ..... \$1,020/1,050

Persian extra fine ..... \$850/900

Patna New ..... \$1,040 per chest.

Patna Old ..... \$1,035

Banaras New ..... \$1,035

Banaras Old ..... \$1,035

## "BEN" LINE OF STEAMERS.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

S.S. "BENARITY,"  
FROM ANTWERP, MIDDLESEBRO,  
LONDON AND STRAITS.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Ltd., whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 6th May, will be subject to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Undersigned on or before the 14th May, or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 6th May, at 11 a.m.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, 30th April, 1909. [61]

FROM EUROPE.

## THE H.A.L. Steamship

## "SCANDIA"

Capt. von Döhren, having arrived Consignees of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature by the Undersigned and to take immediate delivery of their Goods from alongside.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given before To-day.

Any Cargo impeding her discharge will be landed at Consignees' risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

All Claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which they cannot be recognized.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 7th May, will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 6th May, at 3 p.m.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE.

Hongkong, 30th April, 1909. [62]

## "MOGUL" LINE OF STEAMERS.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

S.S. "PATHAN,"  
FROM GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL AND STRAITS.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, at Kowloon, whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 10th inst., will be subject to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Undersigned on or before the 3rd June, or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 10th inst., at 3 p.m.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents.

Hongkong, 3rd May, 1909. [69]

## NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM MIDDLEBOROUGH, ANTWERP, LONDON, COLOMBO AND SINGAPORE.

## THE Company's Steamship

## "SADO MARU."

having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, at Kowloon, whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 11th inst., will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignee's and the Co.'s representatives at an appointed hour. All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which they cannot be recognized. No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.

Goods not cleared by the 11th inst., will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Goods not cleared by the 11th inst., will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignee's and the Co.'s representatives at an appointed hour. All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which they cannot be recognized. No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.

Goods not cleared by the 11th inst., will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

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